Hikam commentary of Hikam by Sidi Ibn Abbad ar-Rundi

Sayings of Sidi Hamza Al-Qadiri Al-Budshishi

Sidi Abu Madyan (the shaykh Sidi Hamza Al-Qadiri Al-Budshishi) forbade any readings about sufism to his disciples, except "the Hikam" of Ibn 'Ata'lllah: It is better to experience things first hand than to have preconceived ideas about them which shield them with a veil. Our path is the middle of the road.

Sidi Ibn Abbad ar-Rundi

The great Shadhili Sufi master of his time and Friday speaker of the al-Qarawiyyin, He is considered as the leading theologian of the 14th century Islamic world. And wrote the first commentary in Morocco of Ibn Ata 'Allah's Kitab al-Hikam.

Ibn Abbad al-Rundi or, in full Abu 'abd Allah Muhammad Ibn Abi Ishaq Ibrahim An-nafzi Alhimyari Ar-rundi (1333 - 1390) was one of the leading Sufi theologians of his time who was born in Ronda, Spain. He spent most of his life in Morocco and was buried in Bab al-Futuh (south-eastern gate) cemetery in Fes.

He is best known for his commentary on the Hikam of Ibn'Ata' Allah (d. 709/1309), entitled: Ghayth al-mawahib al-'aliyyah (also known as al-Tanbih) and his two collections of letters: al-Rasa'il al-sughra and al-Rasa'il al-kubra. Which contained instruction to his followers. (see note below)

..."The true literature of the tariqa is copious, though mostly in Arabic, and consists, first and foremost, of the Hikam al-'Ata'iyya of the second successor to Imam Abul Hasan al-Shadhili, Ibn 'Ata' Illah (may Allah be well-pleased with them both), together with its many commentaries, among the best of which is the Sharh Ibn 'Abbad [commentary of Ibn 'Abbad (al-Rundi)], which Sheikh 'Abd al-Rahman recommends for those who have not yet entered the khalwa or 'solitary dhikr (invocation of Allah) under the sheikh's supervision'; as well as the Iqadh al-himam fi sharh al-Hikam [The awakening of spiritual ambitions: a commentary on the Wisdoms], by Ibn 'Ajiba, which he recommends after the khalwa, though it contains much valuable material, as he says, "for the person at the beginning, the middle, or the end of the spiritual way." - Shaykh Nuh Keller

It is relatively recently, however, that Ibn 'Abbad and his works have come to the attention of western scholars.

Ibn 'Abbad of Ronda: Letters on the Sufi Path -(Paperback)

Writing from the small Moroccan town of Sale to friends in the capital city of fez, Ibn Abbad composed numerous letters of spiritual direction that spoke to the concrete problems of his devotees.

Ibn 'Abbad of Ronda: Letters on the Sufi Path (Paperback) by Muhammad Ibn Ibrahim Ibn 'Abbad, John Renard, Annemarie Schimmel.

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As for the commentary of Hikam by Sidi Ibn Abbad ar-Rundi, I have this as a PDf, E-book